

Rural¹ Residence of Persons 60+, by Planning and Service Area² (PSA): 1990

Kentucky, Civilian Noninstitutionalized Persons

(Data based on a sample)

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PSA	TOTAL ELDERLY	RURAL ELDERLY	PERCENT RURAL ELDERLY
TOTAL	627,589	283,769	45.2
1	40,277	20,389	50.6
2	37,815	21,554	57.0
3	35,300	15,405	43.6
4	40,506	25,269	62.4
5	31,595	20,557	65.1
6	138,618	15,597	11.3
7	53,052	13,315	25.1
8	10,528	7,830	74.4
9	10,722	8,309	77.5
10	24,249	11,555	47.7
11	24,717	21,631	87.5
12	18,916	17,288	91.4
13	36,853	27,514	74.7
14	34,067	26,812	78.7
15	90,374	30,744	34.0

¹ Rural is defined as those areas not classified as urban. Urban consists of territories, persons, and housing units in: (i) places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs, and towns, but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities"; (ii) census designated places of 2,500 or more persons; or (iii) other territories, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

² The Older Americans Act of 1965 as amended instructs the State Agency on Aging in each State to subdivide the State into planning and service areas (PSAs) and to designate a public or private nonprofit agency as the area agency on aging for the PSA. Most PSAs in multi-PSA States comprise single counties or groups of counties and range in size from 1 to 28 counties.

Source of data: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Special Tabulation on Aging, STP 14, Table P4. See technical documentation for more detailed definitions.

Table compiled by the National Aging Information Center